

10 Day Egypt tour Package from Washington

Type	Run	Duration	Pick up
Private	every day	10Days/ 9 nights	any time

with our 10 days in Egypt tour Package from Washington, You will be able to Visit Cairo, Pyramids of Giza, Aswan to Luxor with Abu Simbel on Nile cruise. Discover Egypt desert. when you visit the valley of whales in Fayoum , Discover Sekem village & Tanis

Inclusions:	Exclusions:
• 2 nights in Cairo based on Bed and Breakfast • 1 night in Hotel in Aswan with breakfast • 3 nights in Giza based on Bed and Breakfast • 3 night Nile Cruise between Luxor and Aswan based on full board • Flight Tickets- Cairo-Aswan-Hurghada-Cairo • Private transfer With A/V Mini van • Entrance fees to the mentioned sites • Private tour guide • Lunch during the trip	• Tipping • Any extra

Itinerary:

With our 10 days in Egypt tour Package from Washington, You will be able to Visit Cairo, Pyramids of Giza, Discover Egypt desert. when you visit the valley of whales in Fayoum Fly to Aswan to Enjoy 4 Days Nile cruise, Explore the Nile Delta by Visiting Sekem village and Tanis.

Days Table

First Day :Day 1- Arrival in Cairo

Egypt tour packages representative will meet & assist you at [Cairo](#) International Airport, Transfer to hotel by private air-conditioned vehicle.

Depends on your arrival. If you have an early flight to Cairo you can contact us to make a tour suggestion

Overnight in the Hotel in Giza



Second Day :Day 2-The Pyramids of Giza and Cairo Museum

You will be picked up from your hotel in Cairo by our tour guide to enjoy a great excursion to The Pyramids of Giza (The Great Pyramid , The Pyramid of King Chephren , and Giza Plateau . The Pyramid of King Mykerinus)Then proceed to visit the Great Sphinx , which dates back to the time of and visit the Valley Temple.Optional camel ride in Giza

The Pyramids Of Giza:

Necropolis is located southwest of Cairo. The Giza Plateau has been used by rulers of Old Kingdoms, The oldest known Mastaba is Mastaba v which probably dates to the reign of the 1st Dynasty, the ruler Djnet (2700 B.c).

1- The Great Pyramid :

Pharaoh Khufu began the first Giza pyramid project, circa 2550 B.C. His Great Pyramid is the largest of the three in Giza and towers some 481 feet (147 meters) above the plateau. Its estimated 2.3 million stone blocks each weigh an average of 2.5 to 15 tons with a base length of more than 230 meters (750 feet) per side. The greatest difference in length among the four sides is a mere 4.4 cm (1 ¾ inch) and the base is level within 2.1 cm (less than an inch), an astonishing engineering accomplishment.

Optional Ticket to the Pyramid of Cheops from inside

2- The Pyramid of King Chephren :

Pharaoh Khafre, also known in history by the Greek name Chephren, The third pharaoh of the 4th Dynasty during the Old Kingdom Period of Ancient Egypt around 2540 BC was the son of



Khufu who built the second pyramid at Giza. His necropolis also included the Sphinx , a mysterious limestone monument with the body of a lion and a pharaoh's head. The Sphinx may stand sentinel for the pharaoh's entire tomb complex.

3- Giza Plateau . The Pyramid of King Mykerinus :

The third and smallest of the great pyramids at Giza is credited to the pharaoh Menkaure (Mycerinus in Greek). It is thought to have been completed at the end of the 27th century BC. Menkaure, like the builders of the other pyramids at Giza, ruled Egypt during the 4th Dynasty during the Old Kingdom Period of Ancient Egypt, rising to a height of 75 meters (213 feet), but the complex preserved some of the most stunning examples of sculpture to survive from all of Egyptian history.

4-The Great Sphinx :

The Great Sphinx of Giza is a giant 4,500-year-old limestone statue situated near the Great Pyramid in Giza, Egypt. Measuring 240 feet (73 meters) long and 77 feet (20 meters) high, the Great Sphinx is one of the world's largest monuments. It is also one of the most recognizable relics of the ancient Egyptians, though the origins and history of the colossal structure are still debated.

Lunch will be served during the Pyramids at the local restaurant in Giza.

Then visit the Egyptian Museum

The Museum of Egyptian Antiquities in Tahir:

It exhibits a rare collection of over 250,000 genuine artifacts that date as far back as 5000 years, including an exclusive exhibit dedicated to Tutankhamen - A collection of treasures, gold, and jewelry that were buried in his tomb for over 3,500 years before they were discovered in 1922 when his tomb was excavated.

Drive to the grand Egyptian museum

The Grand Egyptian Museum (GEM) is currently in its trial opening phase, which began in October 2024. Visitors can explore several key sections, including the Great Hall, the Grand Staircase, and 12 main galleries showcasing artifacts from various periods of Egyptian history. However, some sections, such as the Tutankhamun galleries, remain closed and will be accessible upon the museum's full official opening, which is expected at a later date?????.

Optional Tour to the Pyramids of Giza Sound & Light show with Egyptian Dinner
Step through a portal to ancient times, with the memorable Pyramids Sound and Light Show. The Sound Light show pyramids will take you on a journey thousands of years back, bringing the Egyptian legacy back to life! Thousands of years have passed since the pharaohs walked on earth, leaving behind a mystery on how the great pyramids were built. And, we can't just skip the enigmatic sphinx, standing prominently as a guard to protect the Great Pyramids

Overnight in Giza

Third Day :Day 3-Valley of whales from Cairo- Fly to Aswan

Pick up from your hotel in Cairo and transferred by air-conditioned Car to El Fayoum oasis in the Western Desert. Start the desert adventure with 4x4 Jeep from Tunis village .Qarun lake, Make a Desert Trip to Wadi El Hitan.

It's ' Wadi Al Hitan ' The site today is a Protected area and a Natural Heritage Site added in 2005 by the UNESCO as world heritage site, WADI EL-HITAN is also known for scientists in the Zeuglodon Valley, have been discovered in 1937, it is located 35 KM west of the Wadi El-Ryan, right deep into the desert western desert, is It is an area of fossils; considered as an open museum, dates back to 45 million years and contains petrified primitive whales skeletons, shark teeth , shells and roots of Mangroves preserved in soft rocks. Everywhere you go here you find petrified sea shell and corals,

Visit the Fossil & Climate Change Museum

Museum which hosts a variety of whale fossils, and skeletons that are displayed outdoors, as for the museum it has a variety of fossils, skeletons, fossilized mangroves, and ancient seashells exhibited indoors in glass boxes

The Magic lake:

One of the most beautiful lakes in Egypt, overlooking sand dunes, is the Magic lake. Around the lake gives you the chance to witness one of the most eye-catching sunsets you will ever see.

Magic Lake is a beautiful lake located in Wadi El Rayan in Fayoum. It was named the Magic lake as it changes its colors several times a day depending on the time of year and the amount



of sunlight it receives.

It is an amazingly beautiful place surrounded by desert. People spend their time hiking & sand-boarding beside Magic Lake or even swimming in the lake itself.

The lake contains minerals that are said to help treat patients with rheumatism.

It is an amazingly beautiful place surrounded by desert. People spend their time hiking & sand-boarding beside Magic Lake or even swimming in the lake itself.

Enjoy your lunch at the Egyptian Camp site

Gebel Al Mudawara

Seven Kilometres south of the waterfall, Along the left eastern side of the road, Is a picturesque Area known as Al Mudawara, The Lookout, There are three Mountain along the lakeshore, it is a favorite Picnic Area

Then you will adventure the desert by Enjoying sandboarding -The best sand dunes for sand boarding in Egypt is here in

Optional Tour to the Camel ride

Wadi El Rayan Wadi El Rayan is a depression 42 Meters below sea level and covers 773 K.m. In 1977 this depression became a water reservoir when it was connected with Qarun Lake by underground Pipe.

Transfer to Cairo airport then fly Transfer to your hotel in Aswan

Overnight in Aswan

4Th Day :Day 4- Visit to Abu simble from Aswan

Pick up from your hotel in Aswan for an early Visit to Abu Simbel from Aswan

Abu Simbel temple:

The two temples of Ramses the Second and the Queen Nefertari were carved out of the Mountain on the west bank of the Nile

between 1274 and 1244 B.c, The Great Temple was dedicated to Ramses the Second, Ra-Harakhty, Amun Ra, and Ptah, with 4 Colossal statues, The second temple was dedicated to Queen Nefertari and Goddess Hathor, the two temples were dismantled stone by stone and rebuilt on higher ground, The preservation of the two temples of Abu Simbel must Rank as the greatest Achievement of the Unesco

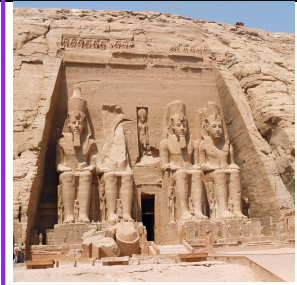
12:00 lunch on board of the Cruise

at 16:00 sailing trip with Felucca around Elphinatine island and Visit Lord Kitchener island

Then Tour to the Nubian village

The Nubian village is one of Aswan's attractions. It's worth visiting and spending 2 hours. The place is very authentic and genuine, Colorful and artistic, the Aswan Aswan Nubian Village is a must visit to experience a traditional and very unique lifestyle. The Village is very colorful. Nubian Village is a must visit to experience a traditional and very unique lifestyle. The Village will surprise you in every corner! While walking in the village, you will straight away feel the soul of this place!

Dinner &overnight on board the Cruise



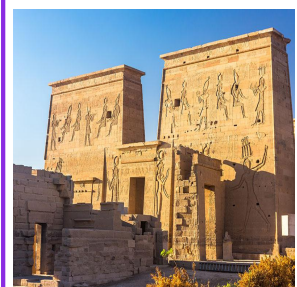
5th Day :Day 5 - Abu Simbel and Kom Ombo temples

Breakfast and lunch onboard the cruise.Early Visit to Abu Simbel from Aswan

Abu Simbel temple:

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13:00 sail to Kom Ombo



The Temple of Kom Ombo:

The temple and the associated settlement site are located 40 K.m north of Aswan, the temple was dedicated to the deities Sobek and Horus and date mainly to the Ptolemaic and Roman periods (332 B.b -395 A.c)

Sail to Edfu-Overnight in Edfu

Dinner &overnight on board the Cruise.

6th Day :Day 6 - Edfu and Luxor

Breakfast on the board on the Nile cruise, Breakfast on the Nile Cruise, Visit the Edfu

Edfu temple :

Upper Egyptian site dominated by a large well -Preserved temple, dedicated to the hawk-God Horus, The Construction of Ptolemaic temple of Horus, which was founded on the site of a much earlier temple, dated to the period between the reigns of Ptolemy the Third(246 B.c), The descriptions on the walls include the Myth of contending of Horus and Seth(Probably performed annually as a religious Drama.

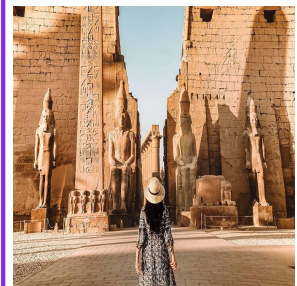
Sail to Luxor through Esna lock

Visit Luxor temple

Luxor Temple located on the east bank of Nile River in the city called luxor , it was known in the egyption language as Luxor Temple :

Largely built by the New Kingdom Pharaoh Amenhotep the Third and Completed by King Tutankhamon and the Great King Ramses the second, The First pylon was raised by Ramses the second and Decorated with His Military Battle of Kadesh.

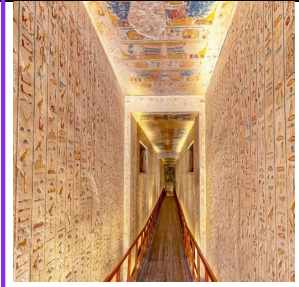
Dinner &overnight on board the Cruise.



7th Day :Day 7 - Disembarkation in Luxor - Fly to Cairo

Day 4 - Disembarkation in Luxor - Fly to Cairo

Optional trip Balloon ride over the Valley of the Kings 80 \$ per person:



Get your cameras ready for a stunning balloon ride over the historic town of Luxor. Catch the rays of the early morning sun illuminating the city and its surrounding mountains. Get a bird's eye view of Luxor's ancient sites from aboard a hot air balloon

Breakfast on board the Nile cruise. Visit the west bank of the Nile Including:

Valley of the Kings :

The final resting place of Egypt's rulers from the 18th to 20th dynasty, it is home to tombs including the great pharaoh Ramses II and boy pharaoh Tutankhamun . The tombs were well stocked with all the material goods a ruler might need in the next world. Most of the decoration inside the tombs is still well preserved.

Optional Extra tombs:

The tomb of Tutankhamun :

The tomb of Tutankhamun is the only tomb in the Valley of the Kings that was discovered nearly intact in 1922. The discoverer of his tomb was Howard Carter. Tut's famous golden mask is on display at the Egyptian Museum in Cairo, but here you have the opportunity to be amazed at the royal mummy of the young king.

The Tomb of Ramses VI:

The Tomb of One of the largest and most beautifully decorated monuments in the Valley of the Kings is the Tomb of Ramses VI, tomb. Ramses VI took it over from the pharaoh who originally designed it, his nephew and predecessor, Ramses V.

Hatshepsut Temple:

It is one of the most beautiful & best preserved of all of the temples of Ancient Egypt. The temple was built on three levels with two wide ramps in a central position joining the levels together.

Colossi of Memnon :

Two massive stone statues of King Amenhotep III are the only

The Valley of the Queens is home to more than 75 royal tombs. You'll find an array of queens, princesses and princes buried here, and one of Egypt's most elaborate tombs – the tomb of Nefertari (No. 66) – resides within this valley. Though most of the tombs have been ransacked throughout the years, many still feature bright paintings on their walls. You can add a Ticket to the tomb of Queen Nefertari.

Lunch will be served in Luxor.

Fly to Cairo from Luxor-Arrive to Cairo- Transfer to the hotel in Cairo- Overnight in Cairo

8th Day :Day 8- trip to Sekam Village & Tanis

Discover the Nile Delta by visiting Sekam village and [Tanis](#)

A tour to Sekem Village from Cairo is a great way to explore Egypt's leading sustainable development initiative. Sekem is known for its organic farming, biodynamic agriculture, and eco-friendly practices. It is located about 60 km northeast of Cairo, Near Bilbeis in Sharqia Governorate. Learn about its history and vision for sustainable development. Understand its role in biodynamic agriculture and social initiatives. Farm Visit

Tour organic farmlands growing herbs, fruits, and vegetables.

See composting and irrigation systems in action.
Sekem Companies & Products Visit factories producing organic food, herbal teas, and textiles.

Explore ISIS Organic and other brands under Sekem

Cultural & Social Programs

Visit SEKEM School and community programs.

Discover their focus on education, arts, and healthcare. Eco-Friendly Architecture Walk around sustainable buildings made from natural materials.

Organic Lunch (Optional) Enjoy a meal made from farm-fresh organic ingredients. October to April (cooler weather, ideal for



outdoor activities).

Tours are usually half-day or full-day experiences.

Drive to [Tanis](#)

[Tanis](#) is one of the most important archaeological sites in Egypt. You will Visit the Royal tombs of Kings from both the 21st and the 22nd Dynasties were buried within the temple precinct at [Tanis](#).

On February 27, 1939, a French Egyptologist, Pierre Montet, entered into what looked like a tomb plundered many centuries ago among the fertile palm groves of the Nile Delta. On the walls of the underground chamber could be seen engraved the name of Takelot II, sovereign of the XXII dynasty. What that man had just discovered was nothing less than the lost Necropolis of the pharaohs of [Tanis](#), which contained some of the most awesome treasures found in Egypt.

Bak to Cairo- Overnight in Cairo

9th Day :Day 9- Tour to old Cairo

After breakfast, Meet your private tour guide to visit Islamic and Coptic [Cairo](#) including:

Salah el-Din Citadel:

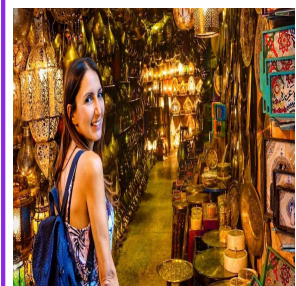
It served as Egypt's seat of government till the 1860s, [Cairo](#) Citadel is a magnificent fortress. It was constructed during Salah ad-Din reign. The construction work started in 1176 and was completed in 1182. Then pay a visit

Old Cairo:

Visit Old [Cairo](#) to see major attractions such as the Hanging Church, the Ben Ezra Synagogue, the Church of St. Barbara, and the Church of Abu Serga, one of the oldest Coptic churches in Cairo

Mohamed Ali Mosque:

It was constructed between 1830 and 1848, the mosque was named " The Alabaster Mosque" because most of the walls were made of pure alabaster. The mosque is a replica of the Blue Mosque in Istanbul



Lunch will be served in a Local restaurant in Old Cairo

[Khan El Khalili](#) Bazaar:

No visit to [Cairo](#) is complete without a stop at Khan EL Khalili bazaar; one of the most famous and oldest bazaars in the Middle East. Transfer to your Hotel after the Tour

Overnight in Cairo

10th Day :Day 10- Sakkara Monuments &International departure

Your tour guide will meet you at your hotel in Cairo at 8:00 am for your private day tour to Saqqara, Saqqara located 46 in (31.8 km) away from Cairo We will start our tour with a visit to King`s Djoser complex includes:

The Pyramid of Djoser (Step Pyramid) ,It is the earliest colossal stone building and the first pyramid ever built.

Enclosure Wall: It's a high limestone wall that surrounds the pyramid complex. It has false doors and symbolic gates, marking the sacred area of the king's tomb.

Colonnades : were part of the temple complex, providing structural support and creating an impressive, monumental space for religious rituals and ceremonies.

The Heb-sd open Court: The Heb-Sed festival, also known as the Sed Festival, was a ritual to celebrate the king's continued rule and strength every thirty years.

The two shrines:

Southern Shrine: Located to the south of the pyramid, it's thought to be for rituals and the king's spirit.

Northern Shrine: Positioned to the north, serving a similar religious purpose

Funerary Temple : It was built to honor Pharaoh Djoser and facilitate the rituals required for his journey to the afterlife.

Serdab :The Serdab was a sealed chamber designed to house a statue of Pharaoh Djoser. It was intended to allow the king's spirit (ka) to interact with the world of the living.



Explore the Burial chamber of the step Pyramid and Find the hidden secrets of the king`s burial Place.:It was intended to be the final resting place for Pharaoh Djoser, where his body and belongings were buried to accompany him in the afterlife.

After that we will continue our tour and visit the Serapeum:
Visit the Serapeum Tombs, the burial site for the sacred Apis bulls. These bulls were considered earthly representations of the god Ptah. The Serapeum contains 24 large stone sarcophagi Each sarcophagus weighs approximately 60 to 70 tons .

Then visit the Pyramid of Unas is a fascinating experience for those interested in ancient Egyptian history ,It was built for Pharaoh Unas, the last ruler of the 5th Dynasty ,It was built for Pharaoh Unas, the last ruler of the 5th Dynasty .

After that visit the pyramid of Teti ,It was built for Pharaoh Teti, the first ruler of the 6th Dynasty,Visitors can enter the pyramid through a small passage that leads to the burial chamber.Inside,The walls are decorated with Pyramid Texts, similar to the Pyramid of Unas, offering a glimpse into the religious beliefs and rituals of the time.The pyramid is part of a larger complex, which includes a mortuary temple and several smaller pyramids for queens and royal family members.

The tour ends after after visiting Sakkara Monuments with transfers included to [Cairo](#) airport For your international flight home. If you wish to extend your stay in Cairo, please contact us.

Meals: Breakfast

Price:

3040 Dollar PER Double (\$ Discount 5%) -- ~~3200~~

2584 Euro PER Transfer (€ Discount 5%) -- ~~2720~~

2249 GBP PER Transfer (£ Discount 5%) -- ~~2720~~

Discount Code "loveegypt"

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